

'समानो मन्त्रः समितिः समानी' UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL B.Sc. Honours 1st Semester Examination, 2021

GE1-P1-BOTANY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

The paper contains Paper-1, Paper-2, Paper-3, Paper-4, Paper-5 and Paper-6. Candidates are required to answer any *one* from the *six* paper and they should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.

PAPER-1

BIODIVERSITY (MICROBES, ALGAE, FUNGI AND ARCHEGONIATE)

GROUP-A

1.	Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
	(a) What do you mean by eucarpic fungi?	

- (b) Name two species of *Pinus* found in India.
- (c) What is the function of peristome teeth?
- (d) What is Dolipore septum?
- (e) Define coralloid root.
- (f) What is Gemma? Mention its function.
- (g) Name the period where early land plants were originated.
- (h) What is Pseudoelaters?

GROUP-B

2.	Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
(;	a) Describe heterospory and seed habit in pteridophyte with special reference to <i>Selaginella</i> .	5
(1	b) Discuss the cell wall composition of fungus.	5
(c) Describe the ecological importance of bryophytes.	5
(0	a) Illustrate the process of sexual reproduction in nannandrous species of <i>Oedogonium</i> .	5
(e) Write short notes on:	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$
	(i) Megasporophyll of Cycas, (ii) Ovuliferous scale of Pinus.	Z

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GROUP-C

3.		Answer any <i>two</i> of the following questions:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a)	Describe in brief, the life cycle of Puccinia.	10
	(b)	What is stele? Discuss the different types of stele with suitable diagram.	1+9
	(c)	Compare the sporophytes of Marchantia and Funaria with suitable diagram.	10
	(d)	Write short notes on:	5+5
		(i) Heterospory, (ii) Conjugation in bacteria.	

PAPER-2

PLANT ECOLOGY AND TAXONOMY

GROUP-A

1.	Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
((a) What do you mean by soil profile?	

(b) Name two Internationally known herbaria.

(c) What is nomenclatural types?

(d) Define clades.

(e) Define ecotone.

(f) What do you mean by tetradynamous condition?

(g) What is author citation?

(h) In which family do you find verticillaster inflorescence?

GROUP-B

2.	Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	(a) Explain food chain and food web with suitable examples.	$2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$
	(b) Why is pyramid of energy always upright? — Explain.	5
	(c) What is endemism? Discuss about the different causes of endemism.	1+4
	(d) Mention the importance of herbaria in taxonomic study and research.	5
	(e) What do you mean by valid publication? Mention the criteria to be fulfilled by a name to be valid.	1+4

GROUP-C

3. Answe	er any <i>two</i> of the following questions:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
(a) With s	uitable examples, explain the hydrophytic adaptations of plants.	10
	outline of Bentham and Hooker's system of classification. Mention its and demerits.	6+4
	ate the salient features of family Solanaceae with floral formula and diagram.	8+2

- (d) Write short notes on:
 - (i) Energy flow in an ecosystem, (ii) Taxonomic ranks.

PAPER-3

PLANT ANATOMY AND EMBRYOLOGY

GROUP-A

1.	Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
	(a) What is casparian strip?	

(h) What is unstanding?

- (b) What is protandry?
- (c) Who proposed histogen theory to explain shoot apical organization?
- (d) Name one plant (Botanical name) in which endosperm is watery in nature.
- (e) Why nucellar embryos are important in plant breeding?
- (f) How does vascular cambium differ from procambium?
- (g) What is sunken stomata?
- (h) What is calyptrogen?

GROUP-B

2.	Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	(a) Write a note on the different types of endosperm in angiosperm.	5
	(b) Give a brief account on the anatomical features related to Xerophytic adaptations.	5
	(c) Mention the advantages and disadvantages of cross pollination.	5
	(d) Write short notes on:	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$
	(i) Structure of a typical anther, (ii) Apical cell theory.	2
	(e) Differentiate between:	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$
	(i) Orthotropous ovule and Anatropous ovule	2
	(ii) Heartwood and Sapwood.	

GROUP-C

3.	Answer any <i>two</i> of the following questions:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a) Give an account of the process of extra stellar secondary growth in dicotyledonous stem.	10
	(b) Describe the different types of stomata with suitable diagrams.	10
	(c) Discuss the different methods of seed dispersal mechanism. Mention the significance of seed dispersal.	7+3
	(d) Write short notes on:(i) Cambium, (ii) Bulliform cells, (iii) Double fertilization, (iv) Apomixis.	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 10$

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 $5 \times 2 = 10$

PAPER-4

PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND METABOLISM

GROUP-A

1.	Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
	(a) Give full form of CAM.	
	(b) Name one gaseous hormone.	

- (c) What is guttation?
- (d) Define vernalization.
- (e) Name one short day and one long day plants.
- (f) Name two symbiotic N₂ fixing bacteria.
- (g) Why is PPP also known as hexose monophosphate shunt?
- (h) What is solute potential?

GROUP-B

2.	Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
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- (a) Write down the properties of enzyme.
- (b) Schematically represent the various steps involved in Glycolysis.
- (c) Define transpiration. Discuss the factors affecting transpiration.
- (d) Briefly describe the role of photosystem I and photosystem II in photosynthesis.
- (e) Briefly describe the role of phytochrome in flowering.

GROUP-C

3.	Answer any <i>two</i> of the following questions:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a) Define micro and macro element in plant nutrition. Write in brief about the role and deficiency symptoms of Zn, Mn, N, and P in plants.	2+8
	(b) Briefly discuss the biological N ₂ fixation in plants.	10
	(c) Derive the Michaelis-Menten equation of enzyme catalysed reaction. Write down the significance of K_m .	
	(d) Define RQ. What are the cases where RQ values are changed? State the significance of RQ.	1+7+2

PAPER-5

ECONOMIC BOTANY AND PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

GROUP-A

1.	Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
(a) Mention the full form of RAPD and PCR.	

(b) What is androgenesis?

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- (c) Give one utility of indirect-ELISA.
- (d) Give botanical name and family of a popular beverage-yielding plant.
- (e) Comment on the morphology of clove.
- (f) Mention the source of Taq polymerase.
- (g) How does monoclonal antibody differ from polyclonal one?
- (h) Mention the importance of pollen culture.

GROUP-B

2.	Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	(a) Mention the botanical name, family and uses of clove and ground nut.	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$
	(b) Define hybridoma. Mention the advantages of RFLP.	1+4
	(c) Briefly describe the process of embryo culture.	5
	(d) Mention the practical application of embryo and endosperm culture.	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$
	(e) Write short notes on:	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$
	(i) Gynogenesis, (ii) Human gene therapy.	2

GROUP-C

3.	Answer any <i>two</i> questions from the following:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a) Describe the centres of origin of cultivated plants and their importance with reference to Vavilov's work.	10
	(b) Define micropropagation. Mention its significance and possible roles in crop improvement.	2+8
	(c) Mention the botanical name and family of tea. Describe the process of processing of tea in detail.	2+8
	(d) Briefly describe the PCR technique. Who discovered the technique? Mention the practical application of PCR technique.	7+1+2

PAPER-6

ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

GROUP-A

1.		Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
	(a)	Write full form of CFC.	
	(b)	What is e-waste?	
	(c)	Write two effects of acid rain.	
	(d)	Name two bacteria used in bioleaching.	

(e) Name two chemical pesticides.

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- (f) What is eutrophication?
- (g) Mention two salient features of Wildlife Protection Act, 1972.
- (h) What is biomagnification?

GROUP-B

2.		Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	5×3 = 15
	(a)	Write a note on bioremediation.	5
	(b)	Write down the role of NGO in bringing environmental awareness.	5
	(c)	Differentiate between biopesticide and chemical pesticide.	5
	(d)	Write notes on:	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$
		(i) BOD	2
		(ii) Silent Valley Movement.	
	(e)	Briefly describe the concept of Rio Earth Summit – UNCED, 1992.	5
		GROUP-C	
3.		Answer any <i>two</i> questions from the following:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a)	What is environmental pollution? Briefly discuss the types, sources and effects of pollution.	2+8
	(b)	Define enhanced greenhouse effect. Where do greenhouse gases come from? How long do they stay in the atmosphere? Briefly describe the Ozone Layer Protection Act.	2+3+1+4
	(c)	Write short notes on:	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 10$
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(c) Write short notes on:

- (i) Kyoto Protocol 1997
- (ii) Chipko Movement
- (iii) Ramasar Convention, 1971
- (iv) National Environmental Policy 2006.
- (d) Briefly discuss the various biotechnological approaches for the management of 10 environmental problems.

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