

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.Sc. Honours 4th Semester Examination, 2021

CC8-CHEMISTRY

INORGANIC

Full Marks: 40

ASSIGNMENT

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. All symbols are of usual significance.

		Answer any <i>four</i> questions of the following	$10 \times 4 = 40$
1.	(a)	A bidentate ligand forms a more stable complex than a monodentate ligand of similar nature. Explain.	$2\frac{1}{2}$
	(b)	$[CoF_6]^{3-}$ is paramagnetic whereas $[Co(CN)_6]^{3-}$ is diamagnetic. Explain the data using valence bond approach.	$2\frac{1}{2}$
	(c)	The complex compounds $Co(en)_2(NO_2)_2Cl$ has been prepared in a number of isomeric forms. One form undergoes no reaction with AgNO ₃ or en. The second form reacts with AgNO ₃ but not with en. The third form reacts both with AgNO ₃ and en. Identify each form with proper arguments and write their IUPAC names.	3
	(d)	What are flexidentate ligands? Give example.	2
2.	(a)	Discuss the splitting of <i>d</i> orbitals in an octahedral field with proper diagram.	4
	(b)	Predict which of the following pair will have greater splitting energy. Give reason:	3
		(i) $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$ and $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{2+}$	
		(ii) $[V(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ and $[Cr(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$	
	(c)	Calculate CFSE (in Δ_0) for d ⁴ system in tetrahedral field.	2
	(d)	Calculate the magnetic moment of $K_3[Fe(CN)_6]$ in Bohr Magneton unit.	1
3.	(a)	State the criteria for essential elements.	2
	(b)	The metal ion present in oxyhaemoglobin and deoxyhaemoglobin is different magnetically. Explain.	3
	(c)	What is Bohr effect?	2
	(d)	Discuss the role of metal chelates in medicine. Give three examples.	3

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4.	(a)	Why do transition elements exhibit variable oxidation states?	2
	(b)	Discuss the catalytic properties of transition elements.	3
	(c)	Why do lanthanides exhibit common oxidation state of +3?	2
	(d)	The electronic absorption spectra of tripositive lanthanide ions give rise to multiple sharp peaks. Explain.	3
5.	(a)	Square planar complexes do not show optical isomerism. Explain.	3
	(b)	What is Jahn-Teller distortion? Which of the following ions will suffer Jahn-Teller distortion and Why: High-spin Co(III) in octahedral ligand field and low-spin Fe(II) in octahedral ligand field.	1+2
	(c)	Usually the first series transition metals are found in different metalloproteins and metalloenzymes. Which factor is mainly responsible for this natural selection?	2
	(d)	Name two metalloenzymes which contain zinc.	2
6.	(a)	Discuss lanthanide contraction giving causes and its consequences.	3
	(b)	Explain why magnetic properties of lanthanides are different from those of transition metals.	3
	(c)	Write down the formula of the following compounds:	2
		(i) ammonium bis(oxalato) oxoanadate (IV)	
		(ii) potassium ammine dicyano dioxo peroxo chromate (VI)	
	(d)	What is a spectrochemical series?	2
7.	(a)	Discuss the aqueous chemistry of manganese in different oxidation states.	4
	(b)	Write down the differences between lanthanides and actinides.	3
	(c)	Mention the role of Ca^{2+} and Mg^{2+} in biological systems.	3
8.	(a)	CFT is not applicable to main group metals. Explain why?	2
	(b)	$K_2[NiCl_4]$ is paramagnetic whereas $K_2[PtCl_4]$ is diamagnetic although both Ni(II) and Pt(II) are d ⁸ ions. Explain using CFT approach.	3
	(c)	Compounds of transition metals are generally coloured. Explain.	3
	(d)	What is tetragonal distortion? Give an example of tetragonally distorted octahedral complex.	1+1

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