



‘समानो मन्त्रः समितिः समानी’

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.Sc. Honours 4th Semester Examination, 2022

CC10-MATHEMATICS

METRIC SPACES AND COMPLEX THEORY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
All symbols are of usual significance.*

GROUP-A

1. Answer any **four** questions from the following: 3×4 = 12
- (a) Prove that in any metric space (X, d) every closed sphere is a closed set. 3
- (b) Show that $f(z) = |z|^2$ is nowhere differentiable except $z = 0$. 3
- (c) Suppose X is a metric space and $\{x_n\}$ is a convergent sequence in X with limit α . Show that the subset $\{x_n : n \in \mathbb{N}\} \cup \{\alpha\}$ of X is compact. 3
- (d) Find the value of $\int_C \frac{z^2 - 4}{z^2 + 4} dz$, where $C : |z - i| = 2$. 3
- (e) Prove that the real line \mathbb{R} is not compact. 3
- (f) Show that $\int_C (z - z_0)^n dz = \begin{cases} 2\pi i & , \text{ if } n = -1 \\ 0 & , \text{ if } n \neq -1 \end{cases}$ 3

where C is the circle with centre z_0 and radius $r > 0$ traversed in the anti-clockwise direction.

GROUP-B

2. Answer any **four** questions from the following: 6×4 = 24
- (a) Prove that a compact metric space is complete. Is the converse true? Justify your answer. 4+2 = 6
- (b) Prove that the function 6
- $$f(z) = \frac{x^3(1+i) - y^3(1-i)}{x^2 + y^2}, \quad z \neq 0$$
- $$= 0, \quad z = 0$$
- is continuous and that CR equations are satisfied at the origin but $f'(0)$ does not exist.
- (c) (i) Show that if two connected sets are not separated, then their union is connected. 4+2 = 6
- (ii) Show that every totally bounded metric space is bounded.

- (d) (i) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{\cosh(\pi z)}{z(z^2+1)} dz$ using Cauchy's integral formula, where $C: |z|=2$. 3+3 = 6
- (ii) Expand $\frac{z^2-1}{(z+2)(z+3)}$ in the region $|z|>3$.
- (e) (i) Prove that every non-constant polynomial $p(z) = a_0 + a_1z + \dots + a_nz^n$, has at least one-zero in \mathbb{C} . Where $a_j, j = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$ are complex constants and $a_n \neq 0$. 4+2 = 6
- (ii) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{e^z}{z^2-2z} dz$, where $C: |z|=4$.
- (f) Let (X, d) and (Y, d') be two metric spaces. Show that a function $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous iff for any $x \in X$ and for all sequence $\{x_n\}$ converges to x in (X, d) , the sequence $\{f(x_n)\}$ converges to $f(x)$ in (Y, d') . 6

GROUP-C

3. Answer any **two** questions from the following: 12×2 = 24
- (a) (i) If $f(z)$ is differentiable in a region G and $|f(z)|$ is constant in G , then show that $f(z)$ is constant in G . 3+6+3 = 12
- (ii) State and prove Cauchy's integral formula for disk.
- (iii) Prove that every compact metric space is separable.
- (b) (i) If $f(z)$ is an analytic function of z , show that 3+6+3 = 12
- $$\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \right) |\operatorname{Re} f(z)|^2 = 2 |f'(z)|^2$$
- (ii) Prove that every compact metric space is complete and totally bounded.
- (iii) Let A be a subset of a metric space (X, d) and $A \neq \emptyset$. Define $d(x, A) = \inf\{d(x, a): a \in A\}$, $x \in X$. Show that the map $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = d(x, A)$ is uniformly continuous over X .
- (c) (i) Prove that a necessary and sufficient condition that a function $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ tend to $l = \alpha + i\beta$ as $z = x + iy$ tend to $z_0 = a + ib$ is that $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (a,b)} u(x, y) = \alpha$ and $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (a,b)} v(x, y) = \beta$. 4+4+4 = 12
- (ii) Prove that if an entire function f is bounded for all values of z . Then f is constant.
- (iii) Let f be an entire function with $f(0) = 1$, $f(1) = 2$ and $f'(0) = 0$. If there exists $M > 0$ such that $|f''(z)| \leq M$ for all $z \in \mathbb{C}$, then find $f(z)$.
- (d) (i) Show that the real line (\mathbb{R}, d) is connected, when d is the usual metric. 6+6 = 12
- (ii) Show that a metric space is compact iff every collection of closed sets in X having finite intersection property has non-empty intersection.

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